

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

GENPHARMASEC LIMITED

(Formerly Known as Generic Pharmasec
Limited)

CIN:L24231MH1992PLC323914



सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Office of the Registrar of Companies
Everest, 100 Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400002

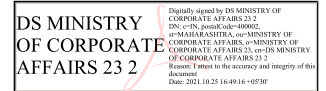
Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to change of name
[Pursuant to rule 29 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L24231MH1992PLC323914

I hereby certify that the name of the company has been changed from GENERIC PHARMASEC LIMITED to GENPHARMASEC LIMITED with effect from the date of this certificate and that the company is limited by shares.

Company was originally incorporated with the name ADI RASAYAN LIMITED.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this Twenty fifth day of October two thousand twenty-one.



ANIL YADAV

Registrar of Companies
RoC - Mumbai

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

GENPHARMASEC LIMITED

Office No. 104 & 105 1st Floor Gundecha Industrial, Premises Co-op Soc. Ltd. Akurli Road Kandivali East, Mumbai, Mumbai City, Maharashtra, India, 400101





GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Office of the Registrar of Companies

RoC Bhavan, Opp Rupal Park Society Behind Ankur Bus Stop, Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India, 380013

Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to change of name
[Pursuant to rule 29 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L24231GJ1992PLC018572

I hereby certify that the name of the company has been changed from ADI RASAYAN LIMITED to GENERIC PHARMASEC LIMITED with effect from the date of this certificate and that the company is limited by shares.

Company was originally incorporated with the name ADI RASAYAN LIMITED.

Given under my hand at Ahmedabad this Twenty seventh day of November two thousand eighteen.



TRUPTI SUBHASH SHARMA

Registrar of Companies

RoC - Ahmedabad

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

GENERIC PHARMASEC LIMITED

G/C, Ground Floor, Trupti Apartment,, B/H. Old High Court, Navrangpura,, Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad,
Gujarat, India, 380009





GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Office of the Registrar of Companies

Everest, 100 Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400002

Corporate Identity Number: L24231MH1992PLC323914

SECTION 13(5) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Certificate of Registration of Regional Director order for Change of State

M/s GENERIC PHARMASEC LIMITED having by special resolution altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to the place of the Registered Office by changing it from the state of Gujarat to the Maharashtra and such alteration having been confirmed by an order of Regional Director bearing the date 08/03/2019.

I hereby certify that a certified copy of the said order has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this Tenth day of April Two thousand nineteen.



V T SAJEEVAN

Registrar of Companies
RoC - Mumbai

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

GENERIC PHARMASEC LIMITED

Upper site Shop No. 156, 1st Floor,, Raghuleela Megamall, Behind Poisar Depot,
S.V Road, Kandivali, Mumbai City, Maharashtra, India, 400067





प्रारूप • आई • आर •

FORM I, R.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

निगमन का प्रमाण-पत्र

ता का स.....
No. 04-18572.....of 1992-93.....

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज

कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 1) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी प्रांतीय है।

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ADI RASAYAN LIMITED

IS THIS DAY INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 (NO. 1 OF 1956) AND THAT THE COMPANY IS LIMITED.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता को दिया गया।

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AT AHMEDABAD THIS

SIXTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER

ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY TWO.

Narender
Kumar Bhole



(S.K. RAVI)
Registrar of Companies,
GUJARAT,
Dadra & Nagar Haveli

Co. No. 04-18572

CERTIFICATE FOR COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS

Pursuant of Section 149(3) of The Companies Act, 1956

I hereby certify that ADI RASAYAN LIMITED which was incorporated under The Companies Act, 1956, on the SIXTEENTH day of NOVEMBER, 1992 and which has this day filed a duly verified declaration in this prescribed form that the conditions of Section 149(2)(a) to (c) of the said Act, have been complied with, is entitled to commence business.

Given under my hand at AHMEDABAD this TWENTIETH day of NOVEMBER One Thousand Nine Hundred and NINETY TWO.

The Seal of
The Registrar of
Companies
Gujarat

Sd/-
[S.K. RAVI]
Registrar of Companies
GUJARAT
Dadra & Nagar Haveli

TABLE –A OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
OF
GENPHARMASEC LIMITED

- I.** The name of the Company is **GENPHARMASEC LIMITED**.
- II.** The Registered Office of the company will be situated in the State of Maharashtra at Mumbai.
- III. (a) The objects to be pursued by the company on its incorporation are:-**
1. To manufacture, sell, purchase, export, import deal in and act as agents, distributors suppliers of chemicals used to manufacture of pharmaceutical, drugs enzymes and sanitary napkins.
 2. To manufacture, develop, convert sell, purchase, deal in, import, export all kinds of chemicals and their by-products intermediates, derivatives, formulations and compounds.
 3. To carry on all or any of the business of manufacturers importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, retailers and distributing agents of and dealers in all kinds of pharmaceutical, medicinal and medicated preparations, patent medicines, drugs, herbs and in pharmaceutical, medicinal and proprietary and industrial preparations, patent medicines, drugs, herbs and in pharmaceutical, medicinal proprietary and industrial preparations, compounds and articles of kinds, chemists, druggists and chemical manufacturers, makeup, prepare, buy, sell and deal I all articles , substances and things commonly or conveniently used in or for making up preparing, or packing any of the products in which the Company is authorised, to deal or which may be required by customers or persons having dealings with the Company.
 4. To acquire, establish and maintain one or more hospital/hospitals for the reception and treatment of persons suffering from illness, or mental defect for the reception and treatment of persons during convalescence, or of persons requiring medical attention, or rehabilitation, solely for philanthropic purposes and not for purposes of profit and to provide medical relief to the public in all the branches of medical sciences by all available means.
 5. To setup hospitals, nursing homes and healthcare centers and provide, encourage, initiate or promote facilities for the discovery, improvement or development of new methods of diagnosis, understanding and prevention and treatment of diseases.
 6. To undertake the business of providing medical facilities including nursing homes, hospitals, consulting homes for medical men and conduct and to carry on experiments and to provide funds for research works and for scholarships, stipend, remuneration and/or other payments or aid to any person or persons engaged in research work, or work connected with or conducive to research and to encourage and to improve knowledge of

the persons who are engaged or likely to be engaged in any medical or related profession so as to make available medical relief to the public at large.

7. To invest in, acquire, hold, underwrite, sell or otherwise deal in shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, negotiable instruments, securities of any company, Government, Public Body or Authority, Municipal and Local Bodies, whether in India or abroad.

*****Amended vide Special Resolution passed through Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the company held on 2nd June, 2023.***

(B) The objects incidental or ancillary to the attainment of main object are:-

8. To acquire, establish and maintain one or more hospital/hospitals for the reception, treatment and medical relief to persons suffering from illness or mental/physical defects.
9. To enter into arrangement for technical collaboration and/or other form of agreement including capital participation with a foreign or Indian company for the purpose of manufacture, quality control and product improvements and for marketing of the products which the Company is empowered and to pay or to receive for such technical assistance or collaborations, royalties or other fees in cash or by allotment of shares of the Company credited as paid up or issue of debentures or debentures stock, subject to the provisions of laws for the time being in force.
10. To provide, encourage, initiate or promote facilities for the discovery, improvement or development of new methods of diagnosis, understanding and prevention and treatment of diseases.
11. To conduct and to carry on experiments and to provide funds for research works and for scholarships, stipend, remuneration and/or other payments or aid to any person or persons engaged in research work, or work connected with or conducive to research and to encourage and to improve knowledge of the persons who are engaged or likely to be engaged in any medical or related profession so as to make available medical relief to the public and to endow research fellowships or grant financial assistance to persons or institutions engaged in medical research.
12. To procure registration, incorporation or recognition of the Company in any country state or place and to establish and regulate agencies for the purpose of the company's business and to apply or join in applying to any parliament, local government, municipal or other authority or body, Indian or foreign for any rights or privileges that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to oppose any bills, proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interest.
13. To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing or pooling profits, amalgamations, union of interest, co-operation, joint venture, reciprocal concessions or to amalgamate with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engaged in any business, undertaking or transactions which this company is authorised to carry on or engaged in, any business, undertaking or transactions which may seem capable of being carried on or conducted, so as directly or indirectly, to benefit the company.
14. To amalgamate, merge or absorb, with any other company or Companies or to form, promote subsidiaries having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.

15. To manage, sell, dispose of, let, mortgage, exchange, redeem, underlet, grant leases, licences, easements or turn to account or otherwise dispose off in any manner the whole of the undertaking or any properties (movable or immovable), assets, rights, and effects of the Company or any part thereof, on such terms and for such purposes and for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other 'company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company and in the event of winding up of the Company to distribute among the members in specie or kind any properties or assets of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any properties of the Company, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
16. To enter into arrangements with any government or authorities municipal, local or any persons or company in India or abroad that may seem conducive to the objects of the company or any of them and to apply for, secure, acquire, obtain from such government, authority, persons or company any right, privileges, powers, authority, charters, contracts, licences, concessions, grants, decrees, rights which the Company may think desirable.
17. To pay all costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to the promotion, formation, registration and establishment of the Company and the issue of its capital and charges in connection therewith and or make donations (by cash or other assets) to remunerate by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or by a call or option on shares, debentures, debenture-stocks or securities of this or any other company or in any other manner, whether out of the Company's capital or profits to any person, firm, company assisting to place or guaranteeing the subscription of shares, debentures, debenture stock or other security of the company in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or for any other reason which the company may think fit subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
18. To promote or join in the promotion of any company or companies any including subsidiary companies (wholly owned or partly owned) for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the properties, rights and liabilities of to the company or for any other purposes which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company and to underwrite shares and securities therein.
19. To do all or any of the above things in India or in any part of the world as principals, agents, contractors or trustees and either alone or in conjunction with others.
20. Subject to Section 73-76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder and the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India, to borrow or raise money or to take money on loan on interest from banks, financial institutions, government agencies, co-operative societies, persons, companies, firms in such manner as the Company may think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debentures-stock, perpetual including debentures or debenture stock convertible into shares of this Company or perpetual annuities and in security of any such money borrowed, raised or received to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, or charge the whole or any part of the properties (movable or immovable) assets or revenue of the Company present or future including its uncalled capital by special assignments or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders power of sale and other powers as may be deemed expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities. The Company shall not carry on any banking or insurance business which may fall within the purview of Banking" Regulation Act, 1949 or the Insurance Act, '1938, respectively.

21. To make, draw, accept, endorse, discount, execute, negotiate, assign, and issue cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundies, bonds, railway receipts, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instrument.
22. To guarantee the payment of money secured or unsecured by or payable under or in respect of any promissory notes, bonds debenture stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations, instruments, and securities of any company or of any authority, central, state, municipal, local or of any person whomsoever whether incorporated or not incorporated and generally to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of any contracts or obligations of any person, firm or company and to guarantee the repayment of loan with interest availed from Financial institution/s, Banks, Private Financiers, availed by any person, company, firm, society, trust or body corporate.
23. To guarantee or become liable for the performance of the obligations and the payment of interest on any debentures or securities of any company, corporation or association or a persons in which such guarantees may be considered beneficial or advantageous, directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interest of the members.
24. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to accumulate funds and to invest or deal in with and invest money belonging to the Company in any deposits, shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds obligations, or securities by original subscription, participation in syndicates having similar objects and to tender, purchase, exchange and to subscribe for the same and to guarantee the subscription thereof and to exercise and enforce all the rights and powers conferred by or incidental to the ownership thereof.
25. To open and operate current, overdrafts, loan cash credit or deposit or any other type of accounts with any banks, company, firm, association or person.
26. To establish, continue and support or aid in the establishment of cooperative societies, association and other institutions, funds, trusts, amenities and conveniences calculated to benefit or indemnify or insure employees or ex- employees of the Company or Directors or ex-Directors of the Company or the dependants or connections of such persons and at its discretion to construct, maintain, buildings, houses, dwelling or chawls or to grant bonus, pensions and allowance and to make payments towards insurance and to pay for charitable or benevolent objects, also to remunerate or make donations by cash or other assets or to remunerate by the allotment of shares credited as fully or partly paid for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or for the conduct of its business.
27. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor rural or semi Urban or Urban development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare or uplift of the public in any such area and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural, semi urban and urban development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or through an independent agency or in any other manner.
28. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for the discharging of social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or any section of the public as also any activities to promote national welfare or social, economic and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, undertake carry out, promote and sponsor any activities for publication of any

books, literature, news-papers or for organising lectures or seminars likely to advance these objects or for giving merit awards or scholarships, loans or any other assistance to deserving students or other scholars or persons to enable them to prosecute their studies or academic pursuits or researches and for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution, funds or trusts having any one of the aforesaid objects as one of its objects by giving donations and/or contributions, subsidies and/or grants or in any other manner.

29. To donate, gift, contribute, subscribe, promote, support or aid or assist or guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national, public or to other institutions, funds or objects, or for any public, general or other objects and to accept gifts, bequests devices and donations from any firm, company or persons as may be thought appropriate or conducive to the interest of the Company.
30. To create any depreciation fund, reserve funds, sinking fund, insurance fund or any other special fund whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the properties of the Company or for redemption of debentures, redeemable preference shares or gratuity or pension or for any other purpose conducive to the interest of the Company.
31. Subject to Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013, to place, reserve, distribute, as dividend or bonus or to apply as the Company may from time to time, determine any moneys received in payment of dividend or money arising from the sale of forfeited shares or any money received by way of premium on shares or debentures issued at a premium by the Company.
32. To engage, employ, train, either in India or elsewhere suspended, and or dismiss any agents, managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies another employees and to remunerate any such persons at such rate as to shall be thought fit and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such person or to his widow or children and generally to provide for the welfare of employees.
33. To refer or agree to refer any claims, demands, disputes, or any other questions by or against company or in which the company is interested or concerned and whether between the Company and the member or members or his or their representatives or between the Company and third party to or arbitration in India or at any place outside India and to observe, perform and to do all acts, deeds, matters and things to carry out or enforce the awards.
34. To use trademarks, trade names or brand names for the business activities products and goods and adopt such means of making known the business and products in which the company is dealing as may seem expedient and of books and periodicals, by distributing samples and by granting prizes, rewards and awards.
35. To undertake the payment of all rent and the performance of all covenants, contracts, conditions and agreements contained in and reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or acquired by the Company.
36. To become members of or to enter into any agreement with any institution, association or company carrying on or which may carry on research, and other scientific work of investigation in connection with any business of Company or other trades or industries allied therewith or ancillary thereto and to acquire shares in any such institutions, association or company and contribute towards the capital or funds, thereof.

37. To undertake and execute any trust which may be beneficial to the Company directly or indirectly.
38. To ensure properties, assets, undertakings, contracts, guarantees, liabilities, risks or obligations of the Company of every nature and kind.
39. To receive donations, gifts, contributions, subsidies, grants, and other mode of receipts of money for the furtherance of the objects of the Company.
40. To invest the funds of the Company not immediately required in Government or Semi-Government corporations, companies, firm.
41. To pay a share in the profit of the company or commission to brokers sub- agents, agents or any other company, firm or person including the employees of the Company as may be thought fit for services rendered to the Company.
42. To employ experts, to investigate and examine into the conditions prospects, value character and circumstances of any business concerns and undertaking and generally of any assets, concessions, properties and or rights.
43. To open establish, maintain and to discontinue in India or overseas any offices, branch offices, regional offices trade centres, exhibition centres, liaison offices and to keep local or resident representative in any part of the world for the purpose of promoting the business of the company.
44. To carry on the business as manufacturers, producers, processors, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters and dealers in every kind and description of food and foodstuff whether vegetarian or non-vegetarian, milk and milk products including cream, butter, ghee, cheese, condensed milk, malted milk powders, skimmed milk, ice-cream, milk foods, canned foods, and fish preparation, meat and meat preparation and the foods made from any substances of animal and birds and the business of poultry farming.
45. To carry on the business of fanning, agriculture and horticulture in its branches and to grow, produce, manufacture, process, prepare, refine, extract, manipulate, hydrolize, buy, sell, market or deal in all kinds of agricultural, horticultural, dairy, poultry and farm produces and products including foodgrains, cereals, seeds, soyabeans, corn, corn oils, cash crops, plants, flowers, vegetables, edible oils, meat fish, eggs, animal and human foods and, food' products.
46. To cultivate any plantation or other agricultural produces in all its branches and carry on the business as cultivators, buyers and dealers in vegetables, grains, vanaspaties and all other agricultural produces and to prepare, manufacture and render marketable any such produces and to sell, market, dispose of or deal in any such produces either in its prepared, manufactured or raw state and to purchase, hold, develop, cultivate any agricultural, barren land for the purpose herein mentioned.
47. To carry on the business as travel agents, selling agents, buying agents, marketing agents, commission agents, advertising agents, clearing and forwarding agents, estate agents, insurance agents, brokers or representatives of any company, corporation, firm or individual and to transact and carry on all kinds of agency business.

48. To carry on the business as booksellers, publishers, stationers, printers, lithographers, stereotypers, electrotypers, photographic printers, photolithographers, chromolitho engravers, block makers, die-makers, envelop makers, book binders, type founders, photographers, manufacturers, dealers and designers in playing, visiting, railways, festives, complementary and fancy cards, tickets, stamps and parchments card board, staw board, leather board, mill board, corrugated board, duplex board, triplex board, hard board, plywood board, art board, chromo card and photo card.
49. To establish, maintain, conduct, provide and make available services as consultant, advisers of every kind including commercial, statistical, financial, accountancy, computer expert, programmer, technical services, medical, legal, social services and to take such steps as may be necessary for the purposes and to undertake for consideration on bchalh of any client the work of examining, inspecting and carrying out tests on any products and to issue certificates in respect of such products.
50. To perform and undertake activities and carry on business pertaining to leasing, giving on hire or hire purchase, warehousing, factoring, providing financial assistance by means of leasing, giving on lease, hire or hire purchase, lending, reselling or disposing of all forms of immovable and movable properties and assets including buildings, godowns, warehouses and real of any kind, nature or user and all types of agricultural, industrial, domestic and other plants, equipments and machineries including heavy or medium agricultural, industrial machinery, computers, electronic data processors, tabulators air-conditioners, medical equipments, domestic equipments or appliances or any system or products whether industrial or consumer and all types of automobiles, aircrafts, vehicles and ships.
51. To carry on the business as manufacturers, fabricators, assemblers, processors, finishers, repairers, buyers, sellers, importers, let on hire, purchase and dealers in any kind of machine tools, machine tools including drilling, boring and tapping machines, milling machines, lathe machines, grinding machines, gear cutting and gear grinding machines, and tools for metal cutting and metal working, hammers, and forging machines, welding machines and equipments, welding electrodes, press, sheet, metal shaping machines and equipments, wire working and converting machines, weighing machines and weights, printing machines, cutting machines wood working.
52. To carry on business of storing of goods, articles, food stuffs, commodities of all kinds in refrigerators, ice chambers, deep freeze, cold storage --or warehouses and for,, this purpose to construct, purchase, hire, take on refrigerators, ice chambers, deep freeze and cold storage of lease, develop ware houses, premises, buildings or units.
53. To carry on the business of textile engineers and manufactures and dealers in textile machinery and to manufacture, produce, repair, alter, convert, recondition, resale, hire, import, export, market, let on hire, trade and deal in spares, plants, accessories, fittings, engineering goods, rolling stock, hardware required for textile industries.
54. To carry on business as manufacturers, buyers, sellers, dealers, distributors, stockists, importers, exporters, resellers clearing agents, transporters, processors in all kind of cements including ordinary, white, coloured, portland, lime cement and cement products of all kinds including pipe fittings, poles, roofs, bricks, prefabricated walls, blocks, tiles, covers, asbestos sheets and by-products and joint products thereof.

55. To carry on the business as manufacturers, sellers, dealers, distributors, stockists, importers, exporters, resellers, transporters, cleaning agents, processors of lime, bauxite, gypsum, asbestos, limestones, fixing materials, sand, plasters, jute bags, paper bags, gunny bags, IIDPE/PP woven bags, plastic bags, packaging materials potteries, earthenwares, sanitary warts, refractories, ceramicwares, and products thereof.
56. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of mining, quarries and to prospect for, search for find, get, work, process, crush,, smelt, manufacture, refine, blend, clean, convert, store, transport, buy, sell, import, export, distribute, market and deal in all kinds of mineral oil of all kinds, mineral gases of all kinds, minerals of all kinds, fuels of all kinds, their by-products, joint products, derivatives, mixtures, semifinished products and ores.
57. To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, import, export, market or deal in all kinds of cables, wires, bars and conductors including insulated cables and wires, PVC cables and wires, flexible cable and wires, flexible cords, cotton or silk braided cable and wires, conduct wires and cables, low and high tension power cables, telegraph and telephone cables, low and high tension paper, rubber or bitumen insulated lead covered power cables, armoured or un- armoured extra high tension shielded orbelted cables, long distance cables, signalling cables, copper conductors, aluminium conductors, copper bars, aluminium bus bars and their accessories.
58. To manufacture, buy, sell, distribute, import, export, market and deal in welding electrodes, welding machines, welding fluxes, gas cylinders of all types and sizes, power batteries and cells, torches, cooking range and other domestic appliances.
59. To carry on business as timber merchants and timber growers and to buy, sell, grow, process, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export, market and deal in timber and woods of all kinds and to manufacture and deal in wooden articles such as furniture, fixtures, toys, wooden packing cases, domestic appliances, agricultural implements, windows, doors, articles required for construction, work, wooden plants and machineries, houses, carriages, sports equipments, chairs, stage materials, exhibition materials, coaches, vehicle 'bodies and to buy, clear, work, develop and deal in timber estates.
60. To carry on in India or elsewhere, the business of producing, processing, manufacturing, formulating, using, buying, selling, acquiring, storing, refining, packing, marketing, transporting, distributing, importing, exporting and dealing in every kind and description of fertilizers, manures, flouro chemicals, acids, alkalies, fatty acids, cellulose derivatives, furfural and its derivatives, starch derivaties, nitrates, flouroides, sulphates, sulpher salts, tanins, chemical auxiliaries, disinfectants, PVC compound, fibre glass, all kinds of gums and gums derivatives, carbon black caustic soda, soda ash, conductive polymers, triopolymers, cellulosepolymers, ethyl cellulose, hydroxy ethyl, nitro cellulose, carboxy methyl cellulose and its salts, micro crystalline cellulose powder, heavy waters, radio isotopes, nuclear reactors and atoms.
61. To carry on the business as manufacturers, purchasers, sellers, processors, refiners, exporters, importers, and dealers in every kind or description of gases including oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, argon, acetylene and its compounds, by- products, joint products, ancillary products and its derivatives.
62. To carry on the business as civil engineer, mechanical engineer and the business of construction company and for the purpose to build, erect, execute, administer, construct,

alter, maintain, enlarge, pull down, remove or replace and market, deal in work, manage and control any buildings, structures, offices, factories, mills, shops, machinery, engineers, road ways, bridges, reservoirs, water house, wharves, electric works, tramways, railways, branches, or sidings, docks, harbours, canals, irrigations, reclamation, sewage, drainage and conveniences of all kinds.

63. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of processing, converting, producing, manufacturing, formulating, using, buying, acquiring, storing, packing, selling marketing, transporting, importing, exporting and disposing. of all types and description of drugs, drug, intermediates synthetic drugs, medicines, vitamins, antibiotics, basic drugs, pharmaceuticals, biological products, food stuffs for human and animal use, gelatine capsules, sugar, agro- chemicals, bio-chemicals, pesticides, fungicides, germicides, insecticides, weedicides, dye-stuffs, intermediates, textiles auxiliary, colours, acids, varnishes, paints, pigments, synthetic resins, plasticizers, cosmetics, powders, creams, preparation for the teeth, toilet requisites, detergents, surface active agents, cleaning agents, soaps, glasses, pottery, terracotta, artificial stones, cokes, explosives, photographic materials and industrial chemicals.
64. To carry on the business of investment company and to invest in and acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company, firm, person, government, local authority or institution whether in India or elsewhere and also carry on the business for to buy and invest in National Saving Certificate, Unit Trust of India, Public Provident Fund and other government schemes existing from time to time.
65. To provide package of investment services by acting as managers to the public issue of shares, debentures, debenture bonds, securities by underwriting and to act as issue houses and investment in various avenues like shares, debentures, fixed deposits, securities, provident fund, saving certificates and to pass on the benefits of portfolio investments to the investors as dividends, bonus, interest.
66. To carry on business as manufacturers, buyers, sellers, dealers, distributors, exporters, importers, hirers, stockists, surveyors, valuers, agents, clearing agents, processors, assemblers, repairers, erection and commissioning of agricultural implements, equipments and machineries of all types and sizes either power driven or hand operated including harvesters, thrashers, winnowers, cultivators, seeds and fertilizer drillers, sprinklers, dairy machines, elevating machines, conveying machines, transmission machines, tractors, sprayers, hullers, hand and industrial blowers, drilling machines, oil engines, diesel engines, kerosene engines, petrol engines, internal combustion engines and their raw materials, components, semi finished goods, accessories and spare parts.
67. To carry on the business as manufacturers and dealers in all types of electrical, electronic, mechanical, microprocessor based, electro-mechanical computerised equipments including X-ray machines, ultra sound machines, scanners ECG machines, echo cardio graphic machines, electro surgical instruments and digital Blood Pressure instruments required for medical, surgical operations, hospitals, dispensaries, medical centres, research laboratories, educational institutions, scientific and other institutions or organisations or companies.
68. To carry on the business as electroplaters, nickelplaters, chromium platers, metalsprayers, oxidisers, anodisers and met alplaters, general painters, varnishers, lacquerers, enamellers, polishers, welders, braziers, gilders, goldsmiths, silversmiths, watchmakers and jewellers.

69. To carry on the business as manufacturers and dealers in metal wares, glass- wares, leather-wares, research equipments and appliances.
70. To manufacture, fabricate, assemble, buy, sell, market, let on hire, import, export, repair, maintain and deal in all kinds and description of automobile, whether propelled or assisted by means of petrol, spirit, gas, mineral oil, electricity, animal, atomic or any kind of fuel or power or energy including autocycles, motorcycles, scooters, mopeds, motor cars, auto rickshaws, trucks, tractors, delivery vans, tankers, lorries, buses, minibuses, metador tempo, motor boats, motor launches or other vehicles and their spareparts, components, accessories and ancillary equipments, including automotive equipments, axles, hydraulic jacks, airbrakes equipments, suspension units, pressed steel cabs, bearing, piston rings, crank shafts, truck bodies, tyres and tubes.
71. To set up, operate, fabricate, market and deal in steel furnace, steel rolling mills, steel rolling plant and to re-roll mild, low, medium, high carbon and alloy steel and alloy cold rolled and hot rolled strips, refine alloy and manufacture ingots, skelped billets of special steel and alloy steels and to act as steel makers, steel converters ship breakers and to manufacture metallurgical products in all forms.
72. To manufacture, produce, trade, export, import, market and deal in re-rolled sections of all sizes and specifications of ferrous and non ferrous, including angles, bars, flats, plates, rods, rails, rounds, octagons, hexagons, joint channels, sheets strips, plates and cold twisted bars and other structures, steel extruded sections, forgings and to manufacture and deal)rs as in domestic goods made up of any metals and to manufacture and deal in steel and aluminium furniture and foils manufactured from aluminium and other ferrous and non-ferrous metals.
73. To carry on the business of manufacturers, fabricators, exporters of and dealers in wrought iron, pig iron, copper brass aluminium and other and metals, metal alloys and scrap metals, skullcap and metallic residue and fishers, mineral substances or compounds or products of any kind or description dairy whatever.
74. To carry in India or elsewhere the business of designing, engineering, fabricating, manufacturing, assembling, marketing, importing, exporting, selling, purchasing, leasing, distributing, supplying on turnkey basis or servicing, maintaining, erecting and commissioning, repairing and dealing in earth moving machineries, road making and construction machineries including paver plants, road rollers, mixer machines and weight lifting types machineries including chainpullly blocks, graded chains, mobile crane, overhead cranes, fork lift, passenger lift, elevators, vibrators, hydraulic jacks, excavators, air compressor, reduction gears, speed reducers, fire fighting equipment's and plants, machinery and structures required for, refining, processing, testing, storing, converting and transporting of all types of mineral oils, their by- products and ancillary products.
75. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business as manufacturers, producers, Maters, fabricators, processors, buyers, sellers, assemblers, importers, exporters, and dealers in electrical, electronic or electromechanical or mechanical , equipment's, appliances, machineries, their components, accessories, spare parts and systems required for industrial, agricultural, domestic or other purposes including all types of meters, measuring instruments, testing instruments, wares, calibrating instruments, protection, auxiliary and other relays, sonic or ultra-sonic equipment's, radars, computers, minicomputers, data processing equipment's, micro processor based equipment's,

microwave equipment's, control system or equipment's, equipment's required for atomic reactors and space applications, control systems, audio visual communication oil, equipment's, image and document production equipment's, broadcasting and cinematographic equipments, legroom equipments, scientific instruments, haws, medical and surgical equipments, oscilloscopes, electric motors of all types, electric furnaces, cremation furnaces, instrument transformers, current transformers, potential transformers, power line carrier communication equipments, telemetering equipments,- bus ducts, tap changers, tensile testing equipments, switches, switch and control boards, control panels, time switches, radio control switches, circuit breaker of all types, switch gears and control gears, porcelain insulators, starters, boosters, rectifiers, low and high voltage transformers, vacuum guages, television sets, tape oiling recorders, video games, receiver sets, amplifiers, audio systems, calculators, and electronic components including capacitors, transistors, electric and mechanical parts, printed circuit boards, diodes, resistors, indicators, ferrites tubes, television tubes, picture tubes, incandescent lamp, miniature lamps and tubes, integrated circuits, thyristors, lamination sheets, stampings, all types of insulating materials, fuses, floppy disc, magnetic tapes, magnatic disc, record players, changers, zip fasteners, a re- watches, water filters valves, pressure vessels and guages, heat exchangers, dehumidifiers and corrosion control equipments and arms and ammunition required for defence.

76. To carry on the business as transporters, couriers and carries of every kind and description of foods, materials, luggages, merchandise, animals or passengers boxes c olt0.,. cards, papers and valuable articles from place to place either by air or by land or liver or sea or partly by sea or river and partly by land or air and for the purpose own, hire, take on rent, give on rent, sale,. purchase, market and deal in motor vehicles, aeroplanes, animal drawn vehicles, car, ships, steamer, trucks, buses, minibuses and to carry on the business of general carriers, railway and forwarding agents, clearing agents, warehousemen, storekeepers, bonded caremen and common caremen and for the purpose to own, hire, lease, take on rent, give on rent any buildings, warehouse or other facilities and to operate, establish, own and maintain garages, service stations, workshops, terminal freight point and to store, repair, rent and lease motors, buses, automobiles or other vehicles.
77. To carry on the business of designing, engineering, fabricating, manufacturing, assembling, marketing, importing, exporting, selling, purchasing, leasing, distributing, supplying, on turnkey basis or servicing, maintaining, erecting and commissioning, repairing and dealing in all kind and description of industrial plants, petro-chemical plants, cement plants including rotary kilns and fluxo packers, fertilizer plants, chemical vessels, sugar plants, edible and non-edible oil extraction plants, pulps, pulp and paper manufacturing plants, pollution control equipments, crystalliser plants, bottling plants, drying plants, power plants, coal and material handling plants, dairy plants, plastic processing machinery, cement machinery, beverage machinery, air conditioning and refrigeration plants and their machineries, components, accessories, ancillary equipments, instruments and appliances.
78. To carry on the business as manufacturers, buyers, purchasers, sellers, processors, producers, importers, exporters, researchers, developers, consultants, advisors and dealers in every kind and description of ceramics, ceramic products, technical alumina, alumina products, their raw materials, by-products, joint products auxiliary products and allied products including alumina titania ceramic textile thread guides, alumina ceramic seals, alumina nozzles, alumina and zercon granules, industrial grade ceramic wool, ceramic deburring and grinding media, ceramic coating, ceramic cutting tools, oxide ceramics of

boron- nitril, titania alumina and zercon based ceramics, assorted alumina products and potteries.

79. To carry on the business of extracting, refining, processing, blending, dealing, purchasing, selling, edible or non-edible oils, rasa, rasayana, fats, basic substances, elements or ingredients from all types of oil seeds, cash crops, seeds, food grains, cereals, nuts, cakes, agricultural produces, vegetables, leaves, roots, flowers, herbs, plants, shrubs and trees and for the purpose to run or carry on extraction plants, processing or refining plants and all other allied activities and to deal in purchase, sell, export, import, or market such resultant products or produces and their derivatives, by-products, joint products, finished products, raw materials or semi-processed materials.
80. To carry on the business as buyers, sellers, exchangers, importers, exporters, assemblers, distributors, repairers, or dealers in all the accessories, raw materials, spare parts and components required for the purpose of the business of the Company.
81. To carry on business as organiser, developer, contractor or owner or dealer of any land, residential buildings, commercial buildings, shops, offices or any other buildings; and for the purposes to purchase, take on lease, acquire, hold, develop, prepare building sites, construct, reconstruct, repair, maintain, pull down, alter, improve, decrease, furnish, sell, market, give on hire, purchase or on instalment or deal in any lands, residential buildings, commercial buildings, shops, offices, club houses, works and sanitary conveniences of all kinds and to lay out roads, drainage pipes, water pipes and electric installations and to set apart lands for pleasure, gardens and recreation grounds or improve the land or any part thereof.
82. To carry on in India or elsewhere, the business of producing, processing, converting manufacturing, formulating, factoring, using, buying, acquiring, storing, refining, packaging, selling, marketing, transporting, distributing, importing, exporting, and dealing in all kinds and description of petrochemicals, petroleum products its by-products, joint products, ancillary products and derivatives thereof whether in liquid, solid, flake or gaseous form, including benzene, ethylene, propylene, polypropylene, propane, ethane, butenes, butadiene, isoprene, rubber, naphtha, methane, methanol, melamine, naphthalene, cyclohexanone, phenol, acetic acid, calcium acetate, vinyl acetates, polyurathanes and polyurethane based chemicals, polyols and cynides of all kinds, disocynides, phosegene, polycarbonates, amonia, caprolactram, adipic acid, hexamethylene, diamine, amine compounds of lower and higher olifenes or thoxylene, phthalic anhydride, alkyd resins, polyster fibres and films, mixed xylenes, paraxylene, metaxylene, toluene, cumene, styrene, polymer products of all types including block polymers, graft polymers, random polymers, co- polymers, homo polymers, acrylonitrte co-polymers, butadiene styrene acrylonitrte terpolymers, butadine styrene, polysaccharide of all kinds, synthetic rubbers, acrylonitrte rubber, styrene butadiene rubber, methacrolein, maleic anhydride, methacrylates, urea, formaldehyde, fibres of all kinds, including acrylic fibres, carbon fibres, polypropylene fibres, polyvinyl alcohol fibres, opticle fibres, polycarbonate resins, formaldehyde resins, polyvinyl acetate resins, nylons of all kinds, hydrogen cyanide, poly methyl purified terephattalic acid, dimethyl terephthalate, poly vinyl chloride, acetylene, ethylene dichloride, ethylene oxide, ethylene glycol, polyglycols of ethylene, paraxy lenes, poly stryrcne, poly propylene, isopropanel, acetone, propyline oxide, propylene glycol, acrylonitrile, acrolein, acrylicesters, ally chloride, epichlorhydrin, epoxy resins, plastics of all types, oxides of all types, chlorinated hydrocarbons, halogenated hydrocarbons, aliphatic and aromatic alcohols, ketones, aromatic acid, anhydrides, linear alkyl benezene, linear alkyl benezene sulfonates, quanternary ammonium compounds,

alcohol ephoxylates, alcohol ephoxysulfates, monomer and polymers of vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, esters of ortho meta and para and terephthalic acids, lubricating oils, transformer oils, furance oils, and polymers in all their forms like resins, fibred sheets, mouldings and castings.

83. Subject to the provisions of law applicable to carry on in India or elsewhere the business of running hotels, motels, restaurants, coffee houses, eating houses, lodging houses, boarding houses, flight kitchens, club houses, holiday resorts, holiday homes, travels and tours, health clubs, swimming pools, rest houses, entertainment houses and for this purpose to purchase, give on hire, construct, build, manage, improve alter, demolish.
84. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of manufacturing, producing, processing, crimping, twisting, texturising, blending, mixing, purchasing, selling, importing, exporting, marketing and dealing in all kinds of natural and manmade fibres, fibre yarns, fibre cords, cotton yarns, polyester staple fibost jute, wool, silk, core, art silk, nylon fibres, staple fibres, fabrics, plastic fabrics, synthetic and other fibrous materials, clothes, dressing materials, furnishing materials, handicrafts, khadi uniforms, readymade garments, apparels, carpets, blankets, padding, knitted goods, decorative materials, woven bags, hosiery, gloves, sewing threads, ropes, covers and packing materials.
85. To carry on the business as Finance Industrial Enterprises and promoter of Companies engaged in Industrial and Trading Business and to manage investment pools, Mutual funds, syndicates in securities, finance real estate.
86. To carry on the business as manufacturers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, dealers, principal or agent in all kinds of plant and machineries, equipments and instruments, articles, apparatus, appliances, accessories and fittings for the objects of the company.
87. To encourage the discovery of new medical and/or surgical management of diseases and affections and to investigate and make known the nature and merits of investigations and findings and research in the said fields and to acquire any patent and licences or other protection devices relating to the results of any discovery, investigations, findings or researches and to acquire any process upon such terms as may seem expedient and to improve the same and to undertake the manufacture of any product developed, discovered or improved and/or to give licences for the manufacture of the same to others and either to market the same or to grant licences to others to market the same on such terms as the society may deem it fit to do.
88. To secure contracts for supply of the products manufactured by the company to Military, Civil and other departments of the Government or Semi Government bodies, corporations, public or private contractors, firm or persons and to recruit trained persons including persons retired from defence, police, military and paramilitary forces to employ detectives, to keep dog, dog handlers and other animals, and to use different types of weapons.
89. To take part in the management, supervision and control of the contracts, rights, turnkey jobs, operations, or business of any company or undertaking entitled to carry on the business which the Company is authorised to carry on.
90. To produce, manufacture, refine, manipulate, buy, import or otherwise acquire, use, sell; distribute, export, deal in and dispose of all kinds of oils, paints and varnishes and resins (synthetic or non-synthetic), drugs, medicines and pharmaceutical products of all kinds

and description and remedies of all kinds of agriculture, horticulture, fruit growing or other purpose or as remedies for men and animals and whether produced from vegetable or animal matter or by any chemical process.

*****Amended vide Special Resolution passed through Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the company held on 2nd June, 2023.***

- IV. The liability of the member(s) is limited and this liability is limited to the amount unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.
- V. The authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 56,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty-Six Crore Only) divided into 56,00,00,000 (Fifty-Six Crore) Equity Shares having face value of Re. 1/- (Rupee one) each with power to increase or reduce such capital for the time being in force in this behalf and with power to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into equity share capital or preference share capital, and to attach thereto respectively any preferential, qualified or special right, privileges or condition. If and whenever the capital of the company is divided into shares, of different classes the right of any such class may be varied, modified, effected, extended, abrogated or surrendered as provided in the Articles of Association of the company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force.

****Amended vide Ordinary Resolution passed at Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 02nd June, 2023.***

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed here, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, addresses, descriptions, occupation and signature of subscribers	Number of Equity shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, name, address, description and occupation of the witness
<p>Sanjay J. Adani S/o. Jayantilal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad-380 007</p> <p>Business Sd/- S. J. Adani</p>	10 (Ten)	
<p>Mitesh J. Adani S/o Jayantilal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad- 380 007</p> <p>Business Sd/- M. J. Adani</p>	10 (Ten)	<p>Common witness to all Nimish B. Shah S/o Balwantray Shah 501, "Aniket" Nr. Municipal Market Navrangpura Ahmedabad-380 009</p> <p>Chartered Accountant Sd/- N. B. Shah</p>
<p>Dinesh H. Desai S/o Halchandbhai Desai B/ 217, Chinaibaug Society Nr. Law Garden, Ellisbridge Ahmedabad-380 006</p> <p>Business Sd/- Dinesh H. Desai</p>	10 (Ten)	

P.T.O

Names, addresses, descriptions, occupation and signature of subscribers	Number of Equity share taken by each subscriber	Signature, name, address, description and occupation of the witness
Kerul D. Desai S/o Dinesh Desai B/ 217, Chinaibaug Society Nr. Law Garden, Ellisbridge Ahmedabad- 380 006 Business Sd/- K. D. Desai	10 (Ten)	Common witness to all Nimish B. Shah S/o Balwantray Shah 501, "Aniker" Nr. Municipal Market Navrangpura Ahmedabad-380 009 Chartered Accountant Sd/- N. B. Shah
Prakash K. Deshai S/o Kirtilal Deshai 448, Saksaria Bldg. S. V. P. Road, Prathna Samaj Bombay- 400 004 Business Sd/- Prakash K. Deshai	10 (Ten)	
Chandrakant P. Patel S/o Prabhubhai Patel 107, Residential Plot G. I. D. C Vapi Business Sd/- C. P. Patel	10 (Ten)	
Jayantilal Adani S/o Mohanlal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad- 380 007 Business Jayantilal M. Adani	10 (Ten)	
Total	70 (Seventy)	

Place: Ahmedabad

Dated this 21st day of October, 1992

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013
COMPANYLIMITEDBYSHARES
***ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**
OF
****@GENPHARMASEC LIMITED**

Interpretation:

I. (1) In these regulations

- a) “the Act” means the Companies Act, 2013.
- b) “the seal” means the common seal of the company.
- c) “The Company” means the ****@GENPHARMASEC LIMITED**
- d) “The Director” mean the Director appointed to the Board of a Company.
- e) “The Board of Directors” or “The Board” in relation to a Company means the collective body of the directors of the company.
- f) “The Managing Director’ means a Director who, by virtue of the Articles of a company or an agreement with the company or a resolution passed in its general meeting, or by its board of directors, is interested with substantial power of management of the affairs of the company and includes a director occupying the position of managing director, by whatever name called.
- g) “Register” means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88 of the Act or any other law as may be applicable.

***Adopted by Special Resolution passed in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 22nd September, 2015.**

****Amended vide Special Resolution passed at Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 17th October, 2018**

@ Adopted by Special Resolution passed in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 30th September, 2021.

- h) *** “The Registrar” means the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai.
 - i) “Dividend” includes any interim Dividend.
 - j) “Seal” means the Company seal of the company.
 - k) “Proxy” includes Attorney duly constituted under a Power of Attorney.
 - l) “Depository” means a depository as defined in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

II. Share Capital and variation of rights

1. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
2. (1) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided-
 - a. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or

******Amended vide Special Resolution passed at Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 17th October, 2018***

- b. Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.
 - (2) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
 - (3) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
3. (1) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued without payment of any charges.
- (2) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.
4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
5. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate percent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.

- i. The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
 - ii. The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- 6.
 - i. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of section 48 and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
 - ii. To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two person holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- 7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

Capital and alteration of capital.

- 8. * The Authorized Share Capital of the Company will be as may be specified under clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
- 9. The Company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.

****Amended vide Special Resolution passed at Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 30th March, 2019***

10. Subject to the provisions of section 61, the Company may, by ordinary resolution-
- a. consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - b. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
 - c. sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
 - d. cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person

11. Where shares are converted into stock-

- a. the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- b. the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- c. Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.

Issue of Preference Shares

- 12 Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

Shares under the control of the Directors

- 13 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.

Power of General Meeting to offer shares to such persons as the Company may resolve

- 14 In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Directors under Article 8, the Company in general meeting may determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether members or holders of debentures of the Company or not) in such proportions and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or, subject to compliance with the provisions of this Act, as such general meeting shall determine and with full power to give to any person (whether a member or holder of debentures of the Company or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par or at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such general meeting, or the Company in general meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares. Subject to any direction given by general meeting as aforesaid, the provisions of section 62 of the Act.

Directors may allot shares as fully paid.

- 15 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company either in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up shares.

Voting Rights

- 16 Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares.
 - a. on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
 - b. on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
- 17 A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
- 18 (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

(ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- 19 A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 20 Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
- 21 No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- 22 (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.

(ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Register and Index of Members

- 23 The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of Members in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act, 1996 with details of shares held in material and dematerialised forms in any media as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic media.

Shares to be numbered progressively and no share to be sub-divided

24. The Shares in the capital of the Company shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, and no share shall be sub-divided; Provided however, that the provision relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares of the Company which are dematerialised in future or issued in future in dematerialised form. Every forfeited or surrendered share held in material form shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

Dematerialisation of Securities

25. (1) The Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its existing shares, rematerialise its shares held in the Depositories and/or to offer its fresh shares in a dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules framed thereunder, if any.

Options for Investors

- (2) Every person subscribing to securities offered by the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities with a depository. Such a person who is the beneficial owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by the law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required Certificates of securities.

If a person opts to hold his securities with a depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security. Securities in Depositories to be in fungible form

- (3) All securities held by a depository shall be dematerialised and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Section 89 of the Act shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.

Rights of depositories and Beneficial Owners

- (4) (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the beneficial owner.
- (b) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.
- (c) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and shall be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities, which are held by a depository.

Service of Documents

- (5) Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held in a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.

Transfer of Securities

- (6) Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Act or these Articles shall apply to a transfer of securities affected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.

Allotment of Securities dealt with in a Depository.

- (7) Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles, where a depository deals with securities, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.

Distinctive numbers of securities held in a depository.

- (8) Nothing contained in the Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held with a depository.

Register and Index of beneficial owners.

- (9) The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and security holders for the purposes of these Articles.

Acceptance of Shares

- 26 An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any share therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purpose of these Articles be a Member.

Calls on Shares

27. (1) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

- (2) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

- (3) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

- 28 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.
- 29 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

30. (1) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent, per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
- (2) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.
31. (1) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
- (2) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
32. The Board-
- (1) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (2) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

Commission for placing Shares, debentures etc

33. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made there under. The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.

The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

Forfeiture of Shares

34. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued
35. The notice aforesaid shall
- a. name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - b. state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
36. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.
37. (1) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (2) At-any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
38. (1) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (2) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares,
39. (1) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be Conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

(2) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of.

(3) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share.

(4) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

40. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Lien

41. (1) The company shall have a first and paramount lien

- a. on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
- b. on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

- (2) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
- (3) The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made

- a. unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- b. until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

42. (1) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

(2) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

(3) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Transfer of Shares

43. (1) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.

(2) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

44. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register

- a. the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or

- b. any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.

45. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless

- a. the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;

- b. the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- c. the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

46. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made there under, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year

Transmission of shares

47. (1) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (2) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
48. (1) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either
- a. to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
 - b. to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (2) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
49. (1) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he selects.
- (2) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.

(3) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

50. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Buy Back of Shares

51. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

Reduction of Capital

52. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law
- a. its share capital;
 - b. any capital redemption reserve account; or
 - c. any share premium account

Power to modify class rights

53. (1) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (2) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
54. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.
55. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

Power to borrow

56. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles the Directors shall have the power from time to time at their discretion to borrow any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company provided that the total amount borrowed at any time together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not without the consent of the Company in General Meeting exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specified purpose.

Conditions on which money may be borrowed

57. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the Directors may raise and secure the payment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and in particular by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable, debentures or debenture-stock, or any mortgage or charge or other security on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being.

Bonds, debentures etc. to be subject to control of Directors

58. Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

Securities may be assignable free from equities.

59. Debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

Mortgage of uncalled capital

60. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security the Directors shall subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed or if permitted by the Act by instrument under the Seal authorise the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed or any other person in trust for him to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital and the provisions hereinbefore contained in regard to calls shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls made under such authority and such authority may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently and either to the exclusion of the Directors' power or otherwise and shall be assignable if expressed so to be.

Indemnity may be given

- 6l. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, if the Directors or any of them or any other person shall incur or be about to incur any liability whether as principal or surety for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or persons so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Meetings

Annual General Meeting

- 62 (1) Every company other than one person company shall in each year hold in addition to any other meeting, a general meeting as its Annual General Meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it, and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of a company and that of the next.

Provided that in case of a first annual general meeting it shall be held within a period of nine months from the date of closing of the first financial year of the company and in any other case, within period of six months, from the closing of the financial year.

Provided that if a company holds its first annual general meeting as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary for the company to hold any annual general meeting in the year of its incorporation.

Provided that the Registrar may, for any special reason, extend the time within which any annual general meeting, other than the first annual general meeting, shall be held, by period not exceeding three months

- (2) Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours and on such day (not being national holiday) as the Directors may from time to time determine and it shall be held either at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the city, town or village in which the Registered Office of the Company is situate. The Notice calling the meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting.

Extraordinary General Meeting

63. All the General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

Directors may call Extraordinary General Meeting.

The Board of Directors may call an Extraordinary General Meeting whenever they think fit.

Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting on requisition

64. (1) The Board of Directors shall, on the requisition of such number of members of the Company as hold in regard to any matter at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at that date carries the right of voting in regard to that matter, forthwith proceed duly to call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company and the provisions of Section 100 of the Act (including the provisions below) shall be applicable.
- (2) The requisition shall set out the matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called, shall be signed by the requisitionist, and shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company.
- (3) The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionist.
- (4) Where two or more distinct matters are specified in the requisition, the provisions of sub-clause (1) above shall apply separately in regard to each such matter; and the requisition shall accordingly be valid only in respect of those matters in regard to which the condition specified in that sub clause is fulfilled.
- (5) If the Board of Directors does not, within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition in regard to any matters, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the meeting may be called by the requisitionist themselves or by such of the requisitionist as represents either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital held by all of them or not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in sub-clause (1) above whichever is less.

- (6) A meeting called under sub-clause (5) above by the requisitionist or any of them shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board, but shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition.
- (7) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist by reason of the failure of the Board duly to call a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionist by the Company; and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sum due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the Directors as were in default.

Notice of Meeting

- 66 (1) A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than 21 days' notice in writing or through electronic mode.
- (2) However, a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice than 21 days, if the consent is accorded thereto in writing or electronic mode by not less than ninety-five percent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting.

Provided that where any members of the Company are entitled to vote only on some Resolution or Resolutions to be moved at the meeting and not on the others, those members shall be taken into account for the purpose of this sub-clause in respect of the former Resolution or Resolutions but not in respect of the latter.

Contents of Notice

- 66 (1) Every notice of a meeting of the Company shall specify the place, the date and hour of the meeting, and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.
- (2) In every notice there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself, and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.

Special Business

67. (1) In the case of an Annual General Meeting all business to be transacted at the meeting shall be deemed special, with the exception of business relating to:-
- a. the consideration of the financial statements and the Report of the Board of Directors and of the Auditors;
 - b. the declaration of dividend;
 - c. the appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring;
 - d. the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors;
- (2) In the case of any other meeting all business shall be deemed special.
- (3) Where any item of business to be transacted at the meeting is deemed to be special as aforesaid, there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out of all material facts concerning each such item of business including in particular, the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein of every Director.
- Provided, however, that where any item of special business as aforesaid to be transacted at a meeting of the Company relates to, or affects, any other company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other company of every Director of the Company shall also be set out in the Explanatory Statement, if the extent of such shareholding interest is not less than two (per cent of the paid-up share capital of that other company.
- (4) Where any item of business to be transacted at the meeting of the Company consists of according the approval of the meeting to any document, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the explanatory statement.

Service of Notice

- 68 Notice of every meeting shall be given to every member of the Company in any manner authorised by Section 20 of the Act and these Articles.

Notice to be given to the Auditors

69. Notice of every meeting of the Company shall be given to the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company, in any manner authorised by Section 20 in the case of any member or members of the Company.

Act to omission to give notice

70. The accidental omission to give notice of any meeting to or the non-receipt of any notice by any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

Resolutions requiring special notice

71. (1) Where, by any provision contained in the Act or in these Articles special notice is required of any resolution, notice of the intention to move the resolution shall be given to the Company by such number of members holding not less than one percent of total voting powers or holding shares on which such aggregate sum not exceeding five lakh rupees, as may be prescribed, has been paid up and the company shall give its members notice of the resolution in such manner as may be prescribed.

Annual Summary

72. The Directors shall prepare the annual list of members and summary and forward the same to the Registrar of Companies, in accordance with Section 92 of the Act.

Proceedings at General Meetings

73. (1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (2) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
74. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.

75. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
76. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Business at Adjourned meeting

77. (1) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (4) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Evidence of the passing of a resolution where poll not demanded

78. At any General Meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall unless a poll is demanded, be decided on a show of hands. A declaration by the Chairman that on a show of hands a resolution has or has not been carried, or has or has not been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the books containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes cast in favour of or against such resolution.

Demand for poll

79. Before or on the declaration of the result of the voting on any resolution on a show of hands, a poll may be ordered to be taken by the Chairman of the Meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer a power to vote on the Resolution not being less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the Resolution, or on which an aggregate sum of not less than five lakhs rupees has been paid up. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

Time and manner of taking poll

80. A poll demanded on any question (other than the election of the Chairman or on the question of adjournment which shall be taken forthwith) shall be taken at such place and at such time not being later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made, as the Chairman may direct. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Chairman of the meeting shall have power to regulate the manner in which a poll shall be taken and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.

Scrutinizers at poll

81. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutinizers to scrutinize the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him. The Chairman shall have power, at any time before the result of the poll is declared, to remove a scrutinizer from office and to fill vacancies in the office of scrutinizers arising from such removal or from any other cause. Of the two scrutinizers appointed under this Article, one shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting, provided such a member is available and willing to be appointed.

Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business

82. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

Motion how decided in case of equality of votes

83. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place, or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to his own vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

Reports, Statements and Registers to be laid on the table

84. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and audited Statement of Accounts, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the audited Statement of Accounts), the Proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel maintained under Section 170 of the Act. The Auditors' Report shall be read before the Company in General Meeting and shall be open to inspection by any member of the Company.

Registration of certain resolutions and agreements

85. A copy of each of the following Resolutions (together with a copy of the Statement of material facts annexed under Section 102 to the notice of the meeting in which such Resolution has been passed) or Agreements shall, within thirty days after the passing or making thereof, be printed or typewritten and duly certified under the signature of an Officer of the Company and filed with the Registrar:
- a. Special Resolutions;
 - b. Resolutions which have been agreed to by all the members of the Company but which, if not so agreed to, would not have been effective for their purpose unless they had been passed as special resolutions;
 - c. Resolution of the Board or Agreement relating to the appointment, re- appointment or the renewal of the appointment or variations of the terms of appointment of a Managing Director;
 - d. Resolutions or agreements which have been agreed to by all members of any class of shareholders but which, if not so agreed to, would not have been effective for their purpose unless they had been passed by some particular majority or otherwise in some particular manner; and all resolutions or agreements which effectively bind all the members of any class of shareholders though not agreed to by all those members;

- e. Resolutions requiring the Company to be wound up voluntarily passed in pursuance of Section 304 of the Act;
- f. Resolutions passed by the Company according consent on the exercise by its Board of Directors of any of the powers under Section 180 of the Act; and
- g. Resolutions passed by the Company in pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 179
- h. Any other resolution or agreement as may be prescribed and placed in the public domain.

A copy of every Resolution which has the effect of altering the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and a copy of every Agreement referred to in the above items (c) and (d) shall be embodied in and annexed to every copy of the Articles issued after the passing of the Resolution or the making of the Agreement.

Minutes of General Meetings

86. The Company shall cause Minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Sections 118 and 120 of the Act by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned entries thereof in Books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered. Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such books shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of 30 days or in the event of death or inability of the Chairman within that period, by a Director duly authorised by the Board for that purpose. The Company shall observe Secretarial Standards with respect to general meeting. Any such minutes kept as aforesaid shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Inspection of Minute Books of General Meeting

87. The book containing the aforesaid minutes shall be kept at the Registered Office and be open during business hours to the inspection of any member without charge subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Company may by these Articles or in General Meeting impose in accordance with Sections 119 and 120 of the Act . Any member shall be entitled to be

furnished within seven days after he has made a request in that behalf to the Company with a copy of the minutes on payment of such amount for such number of words required to be copied as may be prescribed by the Government from time to time.

Publication of reports of proceedings of General Meetings

88. No report of the proceedings of any General Meeting of the Company shall be circulated or advertised at the expense of the Company unless it includes the matters required by these Articles or Section 118 of the Act to be contained in the Minutes of the proceedings of such meeting.

Votes may be given by Proxy or Attorney

89. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, votes may be given either personally or by an attorney or by proxy or in the case of a body corporate also by a representative duly authorised under Section 112 and 113 of the Act.

Number of votes to which members entitled

90. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, upon a show of hands, every member entitled to vote and present in person (including a body corporate present by a representative duly authorised in accordance with the provisions of Sections 112 and 113 of the Act) shall have one vote.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, upon a poll every member entitled to vote and present in person (including a body corporate present as aforesaid) or by attorney or by proxy shall be entitled to vote and shall have the following voting rights
- a. In respect of every ordinary share his voting right shall be in the same proportion as the capital paid up on such ordinary shares bears to the total paid up equity capital of the company;
 - b. In respect of every fully paid preference share his voting right shall be as provided in the Act.

No voting by proxy on show of hands

91. No member not personally present shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands unless such member is present by attorney or unless such member is a body corporate present by a representative duly authorised under Sections 112 and 113 of the Act or by a proxy in which case such attorney or representative or proxy may vote on a show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.

Votes in respect of shares of deceased, insolvent members

92. Any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to transfer any shares may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares provided that at least 48 hours before the time of the holding the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

No member to vote unless call is paid up

93. Subject to provisions of the Act no member shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy or attorney or as a proxy or attorney for any other member or be reckoned in a quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of such member.

Right of member to use his vote differently

94. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or any other person entitled to vote for him as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

Proxies

95. Any member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself; but a proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

Appointment of Proxy

96. Every proxy shall be appointed by an instrument in writing signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a body corporate, be under its Seal or be signed by an officer or an attorney duly authorised by it.

Deposit of instrument of appointment

97. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or under its seal thereof shall be deposited at the office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution except in the case of the adjournment of any meeting first held previously to the expiration of such time. An attorney shall not be entitled to vote unless the power of attorney or other instrument appointing him or notarially certified copy thereof has either been in the records of the Company at any time not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the attorney proposes to vote or is deposited at the office of the Company not less than fortyeight hours before the time fixed for such meeting aforesaid.

Notwithstanding that a power of attorney or other authority has been registered in the records of the Company, the Company may by notice in writing addressed to the member or the attorney given at least fourteen days before the meeting require him to produce the original power of attorney or authority and unless the same is thereon deposited with the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time fixed for the meeting the attorney shall not be entitled to vote at such meeting unless the Directors in their absolute discretion excuse such nonproduction and deposit.

Inspection of proxies

98. Every member entitled to vote at the meeting of the Company according to the provisions of these Articles on any Resolution to be moved thereat shall be entitled during the period beginning twenty four hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the meeting and ending with the

conclusion of the meeting, to inspect the proxies lodged, at any time during the business hours of the Company provided not less than three days' notice in writing of the intention so to inspect is given to the Company.

Custody of the instrument

99. If any such instrument of appointment be confined to the object of appointing an attorney or proxy for voting at meetings of the Company it shall remain permanently or for such time as the Directors may determine, in the custody of the Company; if embracing other objects a copy thereof, examined with the original, shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of the Company.

Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of member etc

100. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or by an attorney shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or revocation of the proxy or the power of attorney as the case may be or of the power of attorney under which such proxy was signed or the transfer of the share in respect which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting.

Time for objections to votes

101. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, no objection shall be made to the validity of any vote except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote whether given personally or by proxy or by any means hereby authorised and not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

Chairman of any meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote

102. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting, and subject as aforesaid, the Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Directors

103. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting the number of Directors shall not be less than three or more than fifteen.

First Directors

The persons hereinafter named shall become and be the first Directors of the Company:

1. Shri Sanjay J. Adani
2. Shri Mitesh J. Adani
3. Shri Dinesh H. Desai

Debenture Director

104. Any trust deed for securing debentures or debenture stock may, if so arranged, provide for the appointment from time to time by the trustees thereof or by the holders of the debentures or debenture stocks of some person to be a Director of the Company and may empower such trustees or holders of debentures or debenture stock from time to time to remove any Director so appointed. The Director appointed under this Article is herein referred to as the “Debenture Director”, and the term Debenture Director means the Director for the time being in office under this Article. The Debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation or subject to the provisions of the Act be removed by the Company. The Trust Deed may contain such ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained.

Appointment of Alternate Director

105. Subject to provisions of the Act the Board of Directors of the Company may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called “the original Director”) during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held, and such appointment shall have effect and such appointee, whilst he holds office as an Alternate Director, shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors and to attend and vote thereat accordingly. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the original Director in whose place

he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the original Director returns to the State in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. If the term of office of the original Director is determined before he so returns to the State in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held, any provision in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of retiring Directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

Casual vacancy

106. Subject to provisions of Sections 161(4) and other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act, any casual vacancy occurring in the office of a Director, whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement by rotation may be filled up by the Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office, if the vacancy had not occurred.

Appointment of Additional Director

107. Subject to provisions of Section 161 and other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act, the Directors shall have powers at any time and from time to time to appoint a person as an Additional Director. The Additional Director shall retire from office at the next following Annual General Meeting, but shall be eligible for re-election.

Remuneration of Directors

108. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Managing Director or Managing Directors, and any other Director/s who is/are in the whole-time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by way of a monthly payment or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.
- (2) The fee payable to a Director for attending a meeting of the Board or Committee thereof shall be such sum as may be decided by the Board of Directors from time to time within the ceiling, if any, prescribed by the Act or the Central Government from time to time.

Travelling expenses incurred by Director not a bona fide resident or by Director going out on Company's business

109. The Board may allow and pay to any Director, who is not a bonafide resident of the place where the meetings of the Board are usually held and who shall come to such place for the purpose of attending any meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, boarding, lodging and other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified and if any Director be called upon to go or reside out of the ordinary place of his residence on the Company's business, he shall be entitled to be repaid and reimbursed any travelling or other expenses incurred in connection with business of the Company.

Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy

110. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body; but so that subject to the provisions of the Act if the number falls below the minimum number above fixed and notwithstanding the absence of a quorum, the Directors may act for the purpose of filling up vacancies or for summoning a General Meeting of the Company or in emergencies.

When office of Director shall become vacant

111. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 167 of the Act the office of a Director shall become vacant if :
- a. he incurs any of the disqualifications specified in section 164;
 - b. he absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;
 - c. he acts in contravention of the provisions of section 184 relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;
 - d. he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of section 184;

- e. he becomes disqualified by an order of a court or the Tribunal;
- f. he is convicted by a court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:

Provided that the office shall be vacated by the director even if he has filed an appeal against the order of such court;

- g. he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of this Act;
- h. he, having been appointed a director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company, ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company.

Resignation

- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act a Director may resign his office at any time by notice in writing addressed to the Company or to the Board of Directors.

Provided that the director shall also forward a copy of his resignation along with detail reason for the resignation to the registrar within thirty days of the resignation in such manner as may be prescribed.

Disclosure of interest

- (3) Every director who is in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board of Directors.
- (4) In a case of a proposed contract or arrangement, the disclosure required to be made by a Director at the meeting of the Board in which the contract or arrangement is discussed and shall not participate in such meeting.

General notice of Interest

- (5) For the purpose of this Article, a general notice given to the Board of Directors by a Director to the effect that he is a Director or member of a specified body corporate or is a member of a specified firm and is to be regarded as concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be entered into with that body corporate or firm shall be deemed to be sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for further periods of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in the last month of the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired. The general notice aforesaid and any renewal thereof shall be given at a meeting of the Board of Directors or the Director concerned shall take reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.

Register of Contracts in which Directors are interested

- 112 (1) The Company shall keep one or more Registers under section 189 of the Act in which shall be entered separately particulars of all contracts or arrangements of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel to which Section 184 and Section 188 of the Act applies, including the particulars to the extent they are applicable in each case.
- (2) The Register aforesaid shall be kept at the registered office of the Company and shall be open during business hours to the inspection of any member and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required by any member of the Company shall be furnished by the Company to such extent, in such manner and on payment of such fees as may be prescribed.
- (3) The signed register also to be produced at the commencement of every Annual General Meeting of the Company and shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting to any person having the right to attend the meeting.

Loans to Directors

113. The Company shall observe the restrictions imposed on the Company in regard to grant of loans to Directors and other persons as provided in Section 185 and other applicable provisions of the Act.

Retirement by rotation

114. (1) Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors of the Company shall be persons whose period office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation and save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act and these Articles, be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.
- (2) The remaining Directors shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of these Articles and the Act.

Directors to retire annually how determined

115. At the Annual General Meeting in each year one-third of the Directors for the time being shall be liable to retire by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.

Ascertainment of Directors retiring by rotation

116. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors to retire by rotation under the foregoing Article at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lots. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a retiring Director shall retain office until the dissolution of the meeting at which his re-appointment is decided or his successor is appointed.

Eligibility for re-appointment

117. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-appointment.

Company to fill up vacancy

118. Subject to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act and these Articles, the Company at the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid may fill up the vacated office by electing the retiring Director or some other person thereto.

Provisions in default of appointment

119. (1) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a national holiday till the next succeeding day which is not a national holiday, at the same time and place.
- (2) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting, unless
- a. at that meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost;
 - b. the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board of Directors, expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed;
 - c. he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
 - d. a resolution whether special or ordinary, is required for the appointment or re-appointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act;
 - e. Section 162 of the Act is applicable to the case.

Notice of candidature for office of Director

- 120 (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles any person who is not a retiring director shall be eligible for appointment to the office of director at any general meeting if he or some member intending to propose him has at least fourteen clear days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office, as the case may be, along with a deposit of five hundred rupees which shall be refunded to such person or, as the case may be, to such member, if the person succeeds in getting elected as a Director. The Company shall duly comply with the provisions of Section 160 of the Act for informing its members of the candidature of the Directors concerned.
- (2) Every person (other than a Director retiring by rotation or otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 160 signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as a candidate for the office of a director shall sign and file with the Company his consent in writing to act as Director, if appointed.
- (3) Every person other than
- a. a Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation or immediately on the expiry of his term of office, or
 - b. an Additional or Alternate Director or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 161 of the Act, appointed as a Director or
 - c. re-appointed as an Additional or Alternate Director, immediately on the expiry of his term of office, or
 - d. a person named as a Director of the Company under its Articles as first registered, shall not act as a Director of the Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.

Provided that in the case of appointment of an Independent Director in the General Meeting an explanatory statement for such appointment annexed to the notice for the general meeting, shall include a statement that in the opinion of the Board, he fulfils the conditions specified in the Act for such an appointment.

Individual resolution for Directors' appointments

121. At a General Meeting of the Company, a motion shall not be made for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors of the Company by a single resolution unless a resolution that it shall be so made has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it. A resolution moved in contravention of this Article shall be void whether or not objection was taken at the time to its being so moved; Provided that where a resolution so moved is passed, no provision for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Directors by virtue of these Articles or the Act in default of another appointment shall apply.

Removal of Directors

122. (1) The Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 169 and other applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles) remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office.
- (2) Special notice as provided by Article 67 or Section 115 of the Act shall be given of any resolution to remove a Director under this Article or to appoint some other person in place of a Director so removed at the meeting at which he is removed.
- (3) On receipt of notice of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article, the Company shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the Director concerned and the Director (whether or not he is a member of the Company) shall be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the meeting.
- (4) Where notice is given of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article and the Director concerned makes with respect thereto representations in writing to the Company (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests their notification to members of the Company, the Company shall, unless the representations are received by it too late for it to do so (a) in the notice of the resolution given to members of the Company state the fact of the

representations being made, and (b) send a copy of the representations to every member of the Company, and if a copy of the representations is not sent as aforesaid because they were received too late or because of the Company's default, the Director may (without prejudice to his right to be heard orally) require that the representations shall be read out at the meeting; Provided that copies of the representations need not be sent or read out at the meeting if on the application either of the Company or of any other person who claims to be aggrieved, the Court is satisfied that the rights conferred by this subclause are being abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter.

- (5) A vacancy created by the removal of a Director under this Article may, if he had been appointed by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board in pursuance of Article 102 or Section 161 of the Act be filled by the appointment of another Director in his stead by the meeting at which he is removed; Provided a special notice of the intended appointment has been given under the sub-clause (2) hereof. A Director so appointed shall hold office until the date up to which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed as aforesaid.
- (6) If the vacancy is not filled under sub-clause (5), it may be filled as a casual vacancy in accordance with the provisions, in so far as they are applicable, of Article 102 or Section 161 of the Act and the provisions of that Section shall apply accordingly.
- (7) A Director who was removed from office under this Article shall not be reappointed as a Director by the Board of Directors.
- (8) Nothing contained in this article shall be taken:
 - a. as depriving a person removed thereunder of any compensation or damages payable to him in respect of the termination of his appointment as director or of any appointment terminating with that as Director; or
 - b. as derogating from any power to remove a Director which may exist apart from this Article.

The Company may increase or reduce number of Directors and alter their qualification.

123. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Company may by passing Special Resolution from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors and alter their qualification.

Meetings of Directors

124. The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time. Minimum number of four meetings shall hold every year in such manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings. They may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they deem fit. The provisions of this Article shall not be deemed to be contravened merely by reason of the fact that a meeting of the board which had been called in compliance with the terms herein mentioned could not be held for want of quorum

When meetings to be convened, and notice thereof

125. A meeting of the Board shall be called by giving not less than seven days' notice in writing to every Director at his address registered with the Company and such notice shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or electronic means.

Quorum

126. Subject to the provisions of Section 174 and other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be one-third of the total strength of the Board of Directors (excluding Directors whose places may be vacant at the time and any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors, whichever is higher; Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of Directors who are not interested and are present at the meeting, not being less than two, shall be the quorum during such time. A meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretion by or under the Act or the Articles of the Company, for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board of Directors generally.

Adjournment of meeting for want of quorum

127. If a meeting of the Board cannot be held for want of quorum, then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned to such day, time and place in the next week or if that day is a national holiday, till the next succeeding day, which is not a national holiday, at the same time and place.

Chairman

128. (1) The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office.

Who is preside at meetings of the Board

- (2) All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman if present, but if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors shall choose one of the Directors then present to preside at the meeting.

Questions at Board Meetings how decided

129. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

Directors may appoint committees

130. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may delegate any of their powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes; but every Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. Subject to the provisions of the Act the Board may from time to time fix the remuneration to be paid to any member or members of their body constituting a Committee appointed by the Board in terms of these Articles, and may pay the same.

Meetings of committees how to be governed

131. The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.

Resolution by Circular

- 132 (1) No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or to all the members of the Committee, as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company in India by hand delivery or by post or by courier, or through such electronic means as may be prescribed and has been approved by a majority of the directors or members, who are entitled to vote on the resolution.

Provided that, where not less than one-third of the total number of directors of the company for the time being require that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

- (2) A resolution under sub-section (1) shall be noted at a subsequent meeting of the board or the committee thereof, as the case may be, and made part of the minutes of such meeting.

Acts of Board or Committees valid notwithstanding defect in appointment

133. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, all acts done by any meeting of the Directors or by a Committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Directors or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were or was disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

Minutes of proceedings of Board of Directors and Committee to be kept

134. The Company shall cause Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or the Committees of the Board to be duly entered in the book or books provided for the purpose in accordance with the relevant provisions of Section 118 of the Act. The Minutes shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings at the meeting including the following
- a. the names of the Directors present at the meetings of the Board of Directors or of any Committee of the Board;
 - b. all orders made by the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board and all appointments of officers and Committees of Directors;
 - c. all resolutions and proceedings of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Committees of the Board;
 - d. in the case of each resolution passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.

By whom minutes to be signed and the effect of minutes recorded

135. All such minutes shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting as recorded, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next succeeding meeting and all minutes purported to be so signed shall for all purposes whatsoever be prima facie evidence of the actual passing of the resolution recorded, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings so recorded and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place.

General Powers of the Board

136. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, and to do all such acts and things, as the Company is authorised to exercise and do; Provided that the Board shall not exercise any power or do any Act or thing which is directed or required, whether by the Act or any other Act or by the Memorandum or these Articles or otherwise, to be exercised or

done by the Company in General Meeting; Provided further that in exercising any such power or doing such act or thing the Board shall be subject to the provisions contained in that behalf in the Act or in the Memorandum or in these Articles or in any regulations not inconsistent therewith duly made thereunder including regulations made by the Company in General Meeting.

- (2) No regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

Consent of Company necessary for the exercise of certain powers

137. The Board of Directors shall not exercise following powers, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting

- a. sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking;
- b. invest, otherwise than in trust securities, the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition of any such undertaking as is referred to in sub-clause (a) above, or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time.
- c. borrow moneys in excess of the limits provided in section 180;
- d. to remit or give time for the repayment of any debt due from a Director
- e. contribute to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed five per cent of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the Act during the three financial years, immediately preceding, whichever is greater.

Certain powers to be exercised by the Board only at meeting

138 (1) Without derogating from the powers vested in the Board of Directors under these Articles, the Board shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the Company and they shall do so only by means of resolutions passed at meetings of the Board:-

- a. the power to make calls on shareholders in respect of moneys unpaid on their shares;
- b. the power to buy-back of securities under section 68;
- c. to issue securities including debentures, whether in or outside India;
- d. to borrow monies;
- e. to invest the funds of the company
- f. to grant loan or give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans;
- g. to approve financial statement and the Board's Report;
- h. to diversify business of the company;
- i. to approve amalgamation, merger or reconstruction;
- j. to take over a company or acquire a controlling or substantial take in another company

Provided that the Board may by resolution passed at a meeting delegate to any Committee of Directors or the Managing Director or any other principal officer of the Company or to principal officer of any of its branch offices, the powers specified in (c), (d) and (e) of this sub-clause to the extent specified below on such conditions as the Board may prescribe.

- (2) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1)(d) shall specify the total amount outstanding at any one time upto which moneys may be borrowed by the delegates. Provided however, that where the Company has an arrangement with its Bankers for the borrowing of moneys by way of overdraft, cash credit or otherwise the actual day to day operation of the overdraft, cash credit or other accounts by means of which the arrangement so made is availed of shall not require the sanction of the Board.
- (3) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1) (e) shall specify the total amount up to which the funds may be invested and the nature of the investments which may be made by the delegates.
- (4) Every resolution delegating the power referred to in sub-clause (1)(f) shall specify the total amount up to which loans may be made and the maximum amount of loans which may be made for each such purpose in individual cases.

Nothing in this Article contained shall be deemed to affect the right of the Company in General Meeting to impose restrictions and conditions on the exercise by the Board of any of the powers referred to in (a) to (j) of sub-clause (1) above.

Power to appoint Managing Director(s)

139. Subject to the provision of Sections 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202 and 203 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act and of these Articles, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more persons to be a Managing Director or Managing Directors (in which expression shall be included a Joint Managing Director) of the Company for such term not exceeding five years at a time as they may think fit, to manage the affairs and business of the Company, and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.

What provisions they shall be subject to

140. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, a Managing Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation under Article 110 but he shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director if he ceases to hold office of Director from any cause; Provided that if at any time the number of Directors (including the Managing Director) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the Directors for time being, then such Managing Director or Managing Directors as the Directors shall from time to time select shall be liable to retirement by rotation in accordance with Article 110 to the intent that the Directors not liable to retirement by rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being.

Remuneration of Managing Director(s)

141. The remuneration of a Managing Director (subject to Section 197 and other applicable provisions of the Act and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and may be by way of monthly payment, or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by other.

Powers and Duties of Managing Director(s)

142. Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors, the day to day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the Managing Director. The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director for the time being, save as prohibited in the Act, such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

Power to appoint Whole-time Director(s)

143. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be a Whole-time Director or Directors of the Company for such term not exceeding five years at a time as they may think fit, and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.

What provisions they shall be subject to

144. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles a Whole-time Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation under Article 110 but he shall be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Whole-time Director if he ceases to hold the office of Director from any cause. Provided that if at any time the number of Directors (including the Managing Director appointed under Article 136 or Whole-time Director) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the Directors for the time being, then such Whole-time Director or Directors as the Directors may from time to time select shall be liable to retirement by rotation in accordance with Article 110 to the intent that the Directors not liable to retirement by rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being.

Remuneration of Whole-time Director(s)

145. The remuneration of a Whole-Time Director (subject to Section 197 and other applicable provisions of the Act and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and may be by way of monthly payment, or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by other.

Power and Duties of Whole-time Director(s)

146. Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors, the day to day management of the Company may be entrusted to the Director or Directors appointed under Article 140 or Article 141, with power to the Directors to distribute such day to day management functions among such Directors, if more than one, in any manner as

directed by the Board, or to delegate such power of distribution to any one of them. The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Whole-time Director for the time being save as prohibited in the Act, such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer

147. Subject to the provisions of the Act
- a. A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
 - b. A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
148. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

Registers, Books and Documents

149. (1) The Company shall maintain Registers, Books and Documents as required by the Act or these Articles including the following, namely
- a. All documents & information as originally filed for incorporation till dissolution of Company under section 7(4)
 - b. Register of charges with copies of instruments under section 85
 - c. Register of members under section 88(1)
 - d. Register of members & other security holders and copies of annual returns (can be kept at other place also as specified therein) under section 94(1)
 - e. Minute books of general meetings and postal ballot under section 119(1)
 - f. Books of account under section 128(1)
 - g. Register of directors/KMPs and their shareholding under section 170(1)
 - h. Register of loans, guarantees & acquisitions under section 186(10)
 - i. Register of contracts under section 189(3)
 - j. Contract of employment with MD/WTB under section 190
 - k. Draft scheme of revival and rehabilitation under section 262(3)
 - l. Terms and conditions of appointment of independent Directors under schedule IV
 - m. Every documents to be maintained under section 120

- (2) The said Registers, Books and Documents shall be maintained in conformity with the applicable provisions of the Act and shall be kept open for inspection by such persons as may be entitled thereto respectively, under the Act, on such days and during such business hours as may, in that behalf be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act or these Articles, and extracts shall be supplied to the persons entitled thereto in accordance with the provisions of the Act or these Articles.

The Seal

150. (1) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.
- (2) The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors-and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

Dividends and Reserve

151. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
152. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company:
153. (1) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.

- (2) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
154. (1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
- (3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
155. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
156. (1) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who, is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (2) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
157. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

158 Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

159 No dividend shall bear interest against the company. Accounts Capitalization of Profits

160 (1) Any General Meeting may resolve that any amount standing to the credit of the share premium account or the Capital Redemption Reserve Account or any monies, investments or other assets forming part of the undivided profits (not including profits or surplus monies arising from the realisation and where permitted by law from the appreciation in value of any capital assets of the Company) standing to the credit of the General Reserve, Reserve or any Reserve Fund or any other Fund of the Company or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend be capitalised

a. by the issue and distribution, as fully paid-up, of shares, and if and to the extent permitted by the Act, of debentures, debenture stocks, bonds or other obligations of the Company, or

b. by crediting shares of the Company which may have been issued and are not fully paid up, with the whole or any part of the sum remaining unpaid thereon.

Provided that any amounts standing to the credit of the share premium account or the Capital Redemption Reserve Account shall be applied only in crediting the payment of capital on shares of the Company to be issued to members (as herein provided) as fully paid bonus shares.

(2) Such issue and distribution under 1(a) above and such payment to the credit of unpaid share capital under 1(b) above shall be made to, among and in favour of the members or any class of them or any of them entitled thereto and in accordance with their respective rights and interest and in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively in respect of which such distribution under 1(a) or payment under 1(b) above shall be made on the footing that such members become entitled thereto as capital.

- (3) The Directors shall give effect to any such resolution and apply such portion of the profits, General Reserve, Reserve or Reserve Fund or any other Fund or account as aforesaid as may be required for the purpose of making payments in full for the shares, debentures or debenture stock, bonds or other obligations of the Company so distributed under (1)(a) above or (as the case may be) for the purpose of paying, in whole or in part, the amount remaining unpaid on the shares which may have been issued and are not fully paid up under (1)(b) above, provided that no such distribution or payment shall be made unless recommended by the Directors and if so recommended, such distribution and payment shall be accepted by such members as aforesaid in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum.
- (4) For the purpose of giving effect to any such resolution the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution or payment as aforesaid as they think expedient and in particular they may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets and may determine that cash payments be made to any members on the footing of the value so fixed and may vest any such cash, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other obligations in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled thereto as may seem expedient to the Directors and generally may make such arrangements for the acceptance, allotment and sale of such shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other obligations and fractional certificates or otherwise as they may think fit.
- (5) When deemed requisite a proper contract shall be filed in accordance with the Act and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the members entitled as aforesaid and such appointment shall be effective.

Capitalization in respect of partly paid shares

161. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles in cases where some of the shares of the Company are fully paid and others are partly paid only such capitalization may be effected by the distribution of further shares in respect of the fully paid shares, and by crediting the partly paid shares with the whole or part of the unpaid liability thereon but so that as between the holders of the fully paid shares and the partly paid shares,

the sums so applied in the payment of such further shares and in the extinguishment or diminution of the liability on the partly paid shares shall be so applied pro rata in proportion to the amount then already paid or credited as paid on the existing fully paid and partly paid shares respectively.

Accounts

162. (1) The Company shall keep proper books of account and relevant books and papers and financial statement for every financial year which give true and fair view of the state of the affairs and comply with the Accounting Standards.
- (2) If the Company shall have a branch office, whether in or outside India, proper books of account relating to the transactions effected both at the registered office and its branches and such books shall be kept on accrual basis and according to the double entry system of accounting.
- (3) The books of account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.
- (4) The books of account of the Company relating to a period of not less than eight financial years immediately preceding the current year together with the vouchers relevant to any entry in such books of account shall be preserved in good order.

Books of account kept at places other than Registered Office

163. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the Company or at such other place in India as the Directors think fit, provided that when all or any of the books of account aforesaid are kept at such other place in India as the Board may decide, the Company shall within seven days of such decision of the Board file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving the full address of that other place.

Inspection by members of accounts and books of the Company

164. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in General Meeting.

Financial Statements to be furnished to the General Meeting

165. The Board of Directors shall lay before each Annual General Meeting financial statements for the financial year.

Financial Statement

166. Subject to the provisions of Section 129 of the Act, every Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company shall be in the Forms set out in Parts I and II respectively of Schedule III of the Act, or as near order as circumstances admit.

Authentication of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account

167. The financial statement, including consolidated financial statement, if any, shall be approved by the Board of Directors before they are signed on behalf of the Board at least by the Chairman of the Company where he is authorised by the Board or by two Directors out of which one shall be Managing Director and the Chief Executive Office, if he is a Director in the Company, or the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary of the Company.

Auditor's Report to be attached to the Financial Statement

168. The Auditor's Reports (including the Auditor's separate, special or supplementary Reports, if any) shall be attached Financial Statement.

Board's report to be attached to Financial Statement

169. Every financial statement laid before the Company in General Meeting shall have attached to it a report by the Board of Directors in such manner prescribed under section 134(3) of the Act.

Right of Member to copies of Accounts

170. No Member shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the Company in General Meeting.

Annual Return

171. The Company shall make and file the requisite annual return in accordance with Sections 92 of the Act, and shall file with the Registrar copy of the Financial Statement in accordance with Section 137 of the Act.

Appointment of Auditors

172. The Company at the Annual General Meeting in each year shall appoint an Auditor or Auditors to hold office from the conclusion of that Meeting till the conclusion of the sixth Annual General Meeting and thereafter till the conclusion of every sixth meeting, before such appointment the written consent or certificate shall be obtained accordance with sections 139 and 141 of the Act.

Qualifications and Disqualifications of Auditors

173. None of the persons mentioned in Section 141(3) of the act as Auditors or shall not be eligible for appointment as an Auditor of the Company.

Audit of Branch Offices

174. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 143 of the Act in relation to the audit of the accounts of branch offices of the Company except to the extent to which any exemption may be granted by the Central Government in that behalf.

Remuneration of Auditors

175. The remuneration of the Auditors of the Company shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of any Auditors, appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Directors.

Rights and duties of Auditors

176. (1) Every Auditor of the Company shall have the right of access at all time to the books and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information and explanations as may be necessary for the performance of the duties of the Auditors.
- (2) All notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting of the Company which any member of the Company is entitled to have sent to him shall also be forwarded to the Auditors of the Company, and the Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor.
- (3) The Auditor shall make a Report to the Members of the Company on the accounts examined by him and on every Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, and on every other document declared by the Act to be part of or annexed to the Balance Sheet or Profit and Loss Account, which are laid before the Company in General Meeting during his tenure of office, and the Report shall state whether in his opinion and to the best of his information and according to the explanations given to him, the said accounts give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view :
- a. in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of the Company's affairs as at the end of its financial year, and
 - b. in the case of the Profit and Loss Account, of the Profit or Loss for its financial year.

- (4) The Auditor's Report shall also state
- a. Whether he has obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of his knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of his audit;
 - b. Whether, in his opinion, proper books of accounts and vouchers as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from his examination of those books, and proper returns adequate for the purposes of his audit have been received from branches not visited by him;
 - c. Whether the report on the accounts of any branch office audited under Section 143 by a person other than the Company's Auditor has been forwarded to him as required by sub-section (8) of that Section and how he has dealt with the same in preparing the Auditor's Report;
 - d. Whether the Company's Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account dealt with by the Report are in agreement with the books of accounts and returns;
 - e. Whether, in his opinion, the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account comply with the accounting standards referred to in section 133.
- (5) The observations and comments of the Auditors on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the Company
- (6) Whether any Director is disqualified from being appointed as a Director under section 164(2).
- (7) Any qualification, reservation or adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith.
- (8) Whether company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls Documents and Service of Documents

177. A document (which expression for this purpose shall be deemed to include and shall include any summons, notice, requisition, process, order, judgment or any other document in relation to or in the winding up of the Company may be served or sent by the Company on or to any member or Registrar in electronic mode, by sending it to him by post or by registered post or by speed post or by courier or by delivering at his office or address or such other mode.

Authentication of documents, proceedings and contracts

178. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act or these Articles, a document, contracts or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by any Key Managerial Personnel or an Officer of the Company duly authorised by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Winding up

179. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made there under
- a. If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in space or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
 - b. For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
 - c. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

Indemnity

180. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed here, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, addresses, descriptions, occupation and signature of subscribers	Number of Equity shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, name, address, description and occupation of the witness
<p>Sanjay J. Adani S/o. Jayantilal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad-380 007</p> <p>Business Sd/- S. J. Adani</p> <p>Mitesh J. Adani S/o Jayantilal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad- 380 007</p> <p>Business Sd/- M. J. Adani</p> <p>Dinesh H. Desai S/o Halchandbhai Desai B/ 217, Chinaibaug Society Nr. Law Garden, Ellisbridge Ahmedabad-380 006</p> <p>Business Sd/- Dinesh H. Desai</p>	<p>10 (Ten)</p> <p>10 (Ten)</p> <p>10 (Ten)</p>	<p>Common witness to all Nimish B. Shah S/o Balwantray Shah 501, "Aniket" Nr. Municipal Market Navrangpura Ahmedabad-380 009</p> <p>Chartered Accountant Sd/- N. B. Shah</p>

P.T.O

Names, addresses, descriptions, occupation and signature of subscribers	Number of Equity share taken by each subscriber	Signature, name, address, description and occupation of the witness
Kerul D. Desai S/o Dinesh Desai B/ 217, Chinaibaug Society Nr. Law Garden, Ellisbridge Ahmedabad- 380 006 Business Sd/- K. D. Desai	10 (Ten)	Common witness to all Nimish B. Shah S/o Balwantray Shah 501, "Aniker" Nr. Municipal Market Navrangpura Ahmedabad-380 009 Chartered Accountant Sd/- N. B. Shah
Prakash K. Deshai S/o Kirtilal Deshai 448, Saksaria Bldg. S. V. P. Road, Prathna Samaj Bombay- 400 004 Business Sd/- Prakash K. Deshai	10 (Ten)	
Chandrakant P. Patel S/o Prabhubhai Patel 107, Residential Plot G. I. D. C Vapi Business Sd/- C. P. Patel	10 (Ten)	
Jayantilal Adani S/o Mohanlal Adani A/36, Shilpalaya Appartment Vasna Road, Paldi Ahmedabad- 380 007 Business Jayantilal M. Adani	10 (Ten)	
Total	70 (Seventy)	

Place: Ahmedabad

Dated this 21st day of October, 1992